Orientations will be held at the Federal
Courthouses in Brooklyn or Central Islip.

Adult family members are encouraged to attend.

Please call 718-613-2570 for upcoming dates
and to reserve your seat as space is limited.

Roberto Cordeiro, Chief U.S. Pretrial Services Officer

225 Cadman Plaza East South Wing, Room 219 Brooklyn, New York 11201 718-613-2570

200 Federal Plaza West Wing, 2nd floor Central Islip, New York 11722 631-712-6400

"Pretrial Services is the front door to the federal criminal justice system and has a unique opportunity to lay the foundation for each defendant's success, not only during the period of Pretrial Services supervision, but even beyond that time."





SUCCESSFUL
TRANSITION TO
INCARCERATION AND
RE-ENTRY

The U.S Pretrial Services Agency for the Eastern District of New York offers an orientation titled Successful Transition to Incarceration and Re-Entry (STIR) to provide defendants with vital information regarding the next phase of their journey through the criminal justice system. It will help defendants and their families reduce the fear, stress, and anxiety associated with surrendering to the Federal Bureau of Prisons (BOP). It is our hope that the information presented will allow defendants to maximum benefit the from incarceration, and lead to a successful reintegration into the community following incarceration. Regardless of their phase in the pretrial process, defendants and family can benefit from the information provided.

STIR orientation topics will include:

- ✓ the sentencing process
- ✓ designation and voluntary surrender
- ✓ BOP programs, inmate rules, and visiting regulations
- ✓ halfway houses, supervised release, and other related issues

About the Bureau of Prisons

The BOP was established to provide more progressive and humane care for federal inmates, professionalize the prison service, and ensure consistent and centralized administration of the federal prisons in operation. The BOP protects public safety by ensuring that offenders serve their sentences of imprisonment in facilities that are safe, humane, cost-efficient, and appropriately secure. It

helps reduce the potential for future criminal activity by encouraging inmates to participate in a range of programs that have been proven to reduce recidivism.

Re-entry: Returning Home

Re-entry has been defined as the transition of inmates from correctional facilities back into the community. In 2014, 636,300 men and women — approximately 1,743 individuals a day — were released from state or federal custody. By yearend 2014, 4.7 million offenders were under community supervision. (Bureau of Justice Statistics, December 2015)

Returning to the community from jail or prison is a complex transition for most inmates, as well as for their families and communities. Upon reentering society, former inmates are likely to struggle with substance abuse, lack of employment opportunities, inadequate education or job skills, limited housing options, and mental health issues. Congress recognized the importance of this issue by passing the Second Chance Act of 2007 (SCA). SCA provides federal grants for programs and services that work to reduce recidivism and improve offender outcomes. Federal grants are also provided to support research and evaluation on a variety of aspects related to offender reentry.

The information is provided as a service to defendants and their families. Pretrial Services cannot predict or guarantee the actual outcome of any case, BOP designation, or a defendant's prison experience. Information is derived from the U.S. Pretrial Services Office, the U.S Probation Office, the Bureau of Justice Statistics, and the Federal Bureau of Prisons. You may visit the Federal Bureau of Prisons' website at www.bop.gov for additional information or speak with your Pretrial Services Officer if you have any questions.